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Time: 2 Hours

Paper - II

Booklet Code

Number of Ouestions in this Booklet: 100

Test Booklet No

Maximum Marks: 200

PHILOSOPHY SUBJECT CODE : 2 9 Roll No.: (Figures as per admission card) Roll No. (in words): **OMR Sheet No.:** Name and Signature of Invigilator/s Signature: Name : _____

Instructions for the Candidates

1. Write your roll number in the space provided on the top of this page.

Number of Pages in this Booklet: 24

- 2. This paper consists of hundred (100) multiple-choice type of questions.
- 3. At the commencement of examination, the test booklet will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested To Open the Booklet and Compulsorily Examine it as Below:
 - (i) To have access to the Test Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of the cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker seal or open booklet.
 - (ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to pages/questions missing or duplicate or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should be got replaced immediately by a correct booklet from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Test Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given.
 - (iii) After the verification is over, the Test Booklet Number should be entered in the OMR Sheet and the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet.
- 4. Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.

Example : (A) **(B)** where (C) is the correct response.

- 5. Your responses to the questions are to be indicated in the OMR Sheet kept inside this Booklet. If you mark at any place other than in the circles, the OMR Sheet will not be evaluated.
- 6. Read the instructions given in OMR Sheet carefully. Fill the Booklet Code of Paper-II in OMR Sheet Compulsorily.
- 7. Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet.
- 8. If you write your name or put any mark on any part of the OMR Answer Sheet, except for the space provided for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
- 9. You have to return the OMR answer Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must NOT carry it with you outside the Examination Hall.
- 10. You can take away test booklet and carbon copy of OMR Answer Sheet after the examination.
- 11. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.
- 12. Use of any calculator, electronic gadgets or log table, etc. is prohibited.
- 13. There is no negative mark for incorrect answer.

29-A



1. The famous phrase "Tattvamasi" is found in 4. Carvaka rejects "vyapti" on the basis of : which of the following Upanishads? (A) Invariable relation or vyapti is not (A) Chandogya possible between two terms. Mundaka (B) (B) All promises represent different aspects of truth. Mandyukya (C) (C) Perception does not prove vyapti. (D) Isavasya (D) Vyapti cannot be taken as invariable 2. Which of the following pair is central to association. Heraclitus? 5. Carvaka's theory can be kept under: (A) God and world (1) Atheism (B) Body and Mind Naturalism (2)(C) Form and matter (3) Mechanism (D) Permanence change (4) Positivism 3. Words are relational and thus state only about the universal (jati) not the real Choose your answer from the codes given (svalakshan). This thought is advocated below: by: (A) Only 1 Aryadeva (A) (B) 1 and 3 Chandrakriti (B) (C) 1, 2, 3 and 4 (C) Nagarjuna (D) 2 and 4 (D) Dinnaga

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6.		among n, is ana		•	according t	to	8.		number of "indeterminate questions" oned by Buddha is:	
	(A)	Jiva						(A)	10	
	(B)	Ajiva						(B)	5	
	(C)	Akasa						(C)	20	
	(D)	Kala						(D)	3	
7.	Match the following and choose your answer according to the codes given below;			er	9.		chain of twelve links given by Buddha, among the following is related to past			
	<u>Views</u>			Sch	<u>ools</u>			life?		
(a)	Deny sar	manya		(1) Nya	aya-vaishesik	а		(1)	Avidya	
(b)	Deny vis	shesa		(2) Jai	nism			(2)	Samskara	
(c)	Accepts	both sa	manya					(3)	Bhava	
	and vish	nesa		(3) Bu	ıddhism			(4)	Jati	
(d)	Distinct	ion is rel	lative		ımkhya and vaita Vedant	ta		(5)	Jaramarana	
	Codes	:						Choo	se the answer from the following	
		а	b	С	d			codes	:	
	(A)	3	4	1	2			(A)	3 and 4	
	(B)	4	3	2	1			(B)	1 and 2	
	(C)	2	1	3	4			(C)	3 and 5	
	(D)	1	2	3	4			(D)	1 and 4	



10.	Consid	der the	following	statements	12.	"Anvita	abhidhar	ıvada" is	relate	d to which	n o
	concerning Nyaya-Vaishesika:					the fol	lowing p	hilosoph	ers?		
	(1)		ls and particue concepts	ulars are mere in mind.		(A)	Prabha	akara			
	(2)		als reside in and actions.	substances,		(B)	Kumar	ila			
	(3)	A universal		sist in another		(C)	Jaimin	i			
	(4)		,	particular are		(D)	Gautma				
	Which correct		•	itements are	13.	Match List I with List II and select the answer by using codes given below				rec	
	(A)	1 and 2				<u>List I</u>			<u>Li</u>	st II	
	(B)	2 and 4									
	(C)	1 and 3				(a)	Visitad	Ivaita	(1)	Nimbarka	à
	(D)	2 and 3				(b)	Dvaita		(2)	Madhva	
11.	Which	of the f	ollowing a	re the main		(2)	D vanta		(-)	maama	
		characteristics of God, according to Yoga philosophy?				(c)	Suddh	advaita	(3)	Ramanuj	a
	(1)	God is t	he supreme	e ruler of the		(d)	Dvaita	dvaita	(4)	Vallabha	
	(2)	God has infinite knowledge and				Codes	:				
		unlimited	•				а	b	С	d	
	(3)		as created g to his will.	the world		(A)	3	1	4	2	
	Codes	Codes:									
	(A)	Both 1 ar	nd 2 are true).		(B)	4	3	2	1	
	(B)	2 alone is	s true.			(C)	3	2	4	1	
	(C)	1 alone is	s true.			(=)	J	_	•	•	
	(D)	2 and 3 a	ara trua			(D)	4	2	3	1	

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- 14. Given below an Assertion (A) and one Reason (R). Consider them and select the correct code given below:
 - (A) According to Advaita Vedanta, to know Brahman is to be Brahman.
 - (R) There is a relation of non-difference Atman and Brahman.

Code:

- (A) (A) and (R) both are true and (R) is the correct ground for (A).
- (B) (A) and (R) both are true and (R) is not the correct ground for (A).
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- - (A) Realisation
 - (B) Abstraction from particulars
 - (C) Conceptualisation
 - (D) None of the above

16. Consider the following statements about Aristotle's doctrine, and choose the correct one:

- Every individual is a compound of 'matter' and 'form'.
- 2. 'Matter' means physical substance, and form means shape.
- 3. 'Matter' and 'form' are relative terms in the real world.
- 4. 'Matter' and 'form' are separable in thought, but they are not separable in fact.
- (A) 1, 2 and 3
- (B) 2, 3 and 4
- (C) 1,2 and 4
- (D) 1,3 and 4
- 17. According to Anaximander, the world is governed by
 - (A) God
 - (B) Boundless matter
 - (C) The Opposite
 - (D) Not anyone



18.		nany pair of opposites is accepted nagoras?	20.	Ontological argument was presented systematically by St. Anselm in		
	(A)	10		(A)	Monologion	
	()			(B)	Proslogion	
	(B)	12		(C)	Both (A) and (B)	
	(C)	08		(D)	Neither (A) nor (B)	
	(D)	20	21.		of the following statements are ated with St. Augustine?	
19.		below an Assertion (A) and one n (R). Consider them and select the		1.	The only knowledge worth having is the knowledge of God and Self.	
	correct (A)	code given below : According to Plato, Soul can recall		2.	Believe in order that you may understand.	
	()	the knowledge of virtue or anything		3.	Knowledge is power.	
		which it possessed		Select the correct answer from the codes		
	(R)	The Soul is immortal and has been born many times and has seen all things both here and in other worlds.		given l	below:	
				(A)	1 and 3	
				(B)	2 alone	
	Code:			(C)	1 and 2	
	(A)	(A) and (R) both are true and (R) is		(D)	2 and 3	
	()	the correct ground for (A).	22.		chooses to create the best of all le worlds" is stated by	
	(B)	(A) and (R) both are true and (R) is		(A)	Descartes and Leibniz	
		not the correct ground for (A).		(B)	Leibniz and St. Augustine	
	(C)	(A) is true but (R) is false.		(C)	Spinoza and Descartes	
	(D)	(A) is false but (R) is true.		(D)	Leibniz and Thomas Aquinas	

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- 23. Regarding substance, which of the following views are held by Descartes?
 - Substance is an existent thing which requires nothing but itself in order to exist.
 - God alone can be said to be a substance, strictly speaking.
 - Substance is that whose existence cannot be doubted

Select the correct answer using the codes given below :

- (A) 1 and 2
- (B) 1, 2 and 3
- (C) 2 and 3
- (D) 1 and 3
- 24. Spinoza treats the soul as:
 - (A) God
 - (B) A sum of ideas
 - (C) Infinite attributes
 - (D) None of the above

25. The monads of Leibniz may be characterised as follows:

- 1. Monads are windowless.
- 2. Monads are spiritual.
- 3. Monads perceive each others.

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- (A) 1, 2 and 3
- (B) 1 and 2
- (C) 2 and 3
- (D) 1 and 3
- 26. Match List I (Ideas) with List II (Thinkers) and choose your answer according to the codes given below;

<u>List I</u>

- (a) Nitisara
- (1) B.R. Ambedkar
- (b) Mahabharata
- (2) Kamandaki
- (c) Arthashastra
- (3) Vyasa
- (d) Annihilation of Caste
- (4) Kautilya

Codes:

a b c d

- (A) 2 3 4 1
- (B) 3 1 4 2
- (C) 3 4 2 1
- (D) 1 4 2 3



27.	Match List I (Philosophers) with List II
	(Works) and choose your answer according
	to the codes given below:

(vvorks) and choose your answer according					
to the codes given below:					
	<u>List I</u>			<u>List II</u>	
(a)	Spinoza	(1) Pr	inciple	s of Human	
		K	nowled	ge	
(b)	Plato	(2) Et	hics		
(c)	Descartes	s (3) Pa	armenio	des	
(d)	Berkeley	(4) Dis	scourse	on Method	
Codes	:				
	a k)	С	d	
	_	_			

- (A) 2 3 1 1 2 3 (B) 4 2 3 4 (C) 1 2 (D) 3 1 4
- 28. Given below an Assertion (A) and one Reason (R). Consider them and select the correct code given below:
 - (A) Locke made a distinction between primary and secondary qualities.
 - (R) Locke sought to distinguish between appearance and reality.

Code:

- (A) (A) and (R) both are true and (R) is the correct ground for (A).
- (B) (A) and (R) both are true and (R) is not the correct ground for (A).
- (C) (A) is true and (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false and (R) is true.

 According to Hume, there are two kinds of contents of the mind, namely,

- (A) Sensations and Impression
- (B) Knowledge and ignorance
- (C) Subjective and objective ideas
- (D) Impressions and ideas

- (A) Understanding, reason
- (B) Reason, understanding
- (C) Noumena, phenomena
- (D) None of the above
- 31. The basis of division of four types of varna according to the Gita is:
 - (A) Guna only
 - (B) Karma only
 - (C) Both guna and karma
 - (D) Lokaprasiddhi only

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32.	Reason	below an Assertion (A) and one n (R). Consider them and select the code given below:	35.	Which one of the following is accepted by Vedic ethics as highest good?			
	(A)	The world is the working of a		(A)	Dana		
		harmonious purpose.		(B)	Yajna		
	(R)	Rta is the reason behind the arranged order of the things.		(C)	Ahimsa		
	Code:			(D)	Ksamasheelata		
	(A)	(A) and (R) both are true and (R) is the correct ground for (A).	36.		ka accepts moksa as :		
	(B)	(A) and (R) both are true and (R) is not the correct ground for (A).		(A)	The end of this life		
	(C)	(A) is true but (R) is false.		(B)	A state of ahimsa		
	(D)	(A) is false but (R) is true.		, ,			
33.		Which of the following combination is incorrect?		(C)	Cessation of suffering		
	(A)	Advaita Vedanta ——— Adhyasa		(D)	None of the above		
	(B)	Sankhya —— Asatkaryavad	37.	Accord	According to Jainism, the liberated souls		
	(C)	Buddhism —— Pratityasamutpada			n the four fold perfection (ananta taya). Which one of the following is no		
	(D)	Garism —— Anekantavada			them?		
34.	The mo	oral law of karma is ——-		(A)	In Earth Language		
	(A)	The expression of nature of absolute		(A) (B)	Infinite knowledge Infinite faith		
	(B)	The expression of the nature of god		(D)	minic faith		
	(C)	Regulated by Iśvara		(C)	Infinite wealth		
	(D)	Man's nature itself.		(D)	Infinite bliss		



40. G.E. Moore is an ethical: 38. Which among the following expresses the Triratna in Buddhism? Cognitivist (A) (B) Non-cognitivist (A) Dharma, artha, kama Non-naturalistic (C) (D) Non-descriptivist (B) Dukha, samudaya, nirodh 41. Vyapti is defined as: (A) Causal relation (C) Budha, dharma, sangha (B) Sequential relation (C) Invariable concomitance (D) Bodhisattva, amitabha, nirvana (D) Consequential relation 39. Consider the following statements: 42. Consider the following statements with regard to Bentham and choose the correct 1. Today's weather is not good. code: Statements: 2. Your friend is good. 1. Bentham dismissed ethics of asceticism as an inverted 3. The smart phone is good. hedonism. 2. Bentham is an ethical hedonist by 4. Your actions are not good. virtue of his employment of the pleasure principle as the standard In which of the above statement/s, the word for conduct. "good" is used in moral sense? 3. Intuitionist ethics was criticised by Bentham for it provides no more 1 and 2 (A) than a subjective feeling. Codes: (B) 2 and 4 (A) Only 1 and 3 are true Only 1 and 2 are true (B) (C) 1 and 4 (C) 1, 2 and 3 are true Only 2 is true (D) (D) 3 and 4



- 43. Consider the statements of J.S. Mill given below and mark the correct code :
 - J.S. Mill's theory is Altruistic hedonism and qualitative utilitarianism.
 - Mill uses pleasure and happiness synonymously.
 - Mill regards virtue, health, love of honour and the like as intrinsic values.

Codes:

- (A) 1, 2 and 3 are true
- (B) 1 and 2 are true
- (C) 1 and 3 are true
- (D) Only 2 is true
- 44. Which of the trinity principles espoused by Dr. B.R. Ambedkar?
 - (A) Non-violence, Truth and Peace
 - (B) Non-Cooperation, Non-stealing and Non-equalization
 - (C) Revolution, Historical Materialism and Dialectical materialism
 - (D) Liberty, Equality and Fraternity

- 45. The theory of evolution accepted by Sri Aurobindo is known as :
 - (A) Emergent Evolution
 - (B) Mechanical Evolution
 - (C) Integral Evolution
 - (D) None of the above
- 46. Philosophy according to Plato is a preparation for :
 - (A) Good Life
 - (B) Afterlife
 - (C) Death
 - (D) Ideal State
- 47. Who among the following propounded the concept of subject as freedom?
 - (A) K.C. Bhattacharya
 - (B) M.N. Roy
 - (C) A.K. Coomarswami
 - (D) S. Radhakrishnan



48.	Match List-I and List-II and select the correct
	answer from the code :

List – I List - II

(Thinkers) (Doctrines/Sayings)

- (a) Sri Aurobindo 1. Biological and spiritual aspects of man
- (b) R.N. Tagore 2. Swaraj in ideas
- (c) K.C. Bhattacharya 3. Universal Religion
- (d) Vivekananda 4. Psychic transformation

b

а

d

4

1

Codes:

(D)

(A) 1 2 3 4 2 3 4 1 (B) 3 2 (C) 4 1 2 3

49. Tagore wanted to train human being for

> Freedom (A)

(B) Peace

(C) Justice

All of the above (D)

50. The root meaning of Bhagvadgita's doctrine of Niskâma karma is:

- (A) Doing action considering oneself as an instrument of God
- (B) Doing action without attachment.
- (C) Doing action for others
- (D) Doing action for attaining liberation
- 51. Match the following by using the code below and select the correct answer using the code given below:

List – I (Author) List – II (Texts)

- (a) Gilbert Ryle
- 1. Philosophical Studies
- (b) Bertrand Russell 2. Being and Time
- (c) Heidegger
- 3. The Concept of Mind
- (d) G.E. Moore
- 4. An Inquiry into Meaning and Truth

Codes:

b С d а

- 3 2 1 (A) 4
- 2 1 4 3 (B)
- 2 3 1 (C)
- (D) 3 2 4 1



52.	The theory of <i>Pramanvyavastha</i> has been advocated by which one of the following Schools?		55.	Which of the following statements are accepted by G. E. Moore? Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:		
	(A)	Carvaka		1.	External object is independent of the knowing mind.	
	(B)	Buddhism		2.	Knowledge is a complex whole.	
	(C)	Nyaya		3.	To be is to be perceived.	
	(D)	Advait Vedanta		4.	Knowledge is a direct relation between the knower and the known.	
53.	What	men desire most, according to		Codes :		
١	Nietzs	lietzsche?		(A)	1 and 2	
	(A)	Money		(B)	2 and 3	
	(B)	Liberation		(C)	1 and 4	
	(5)	Liberation		(D)	3 and 4	
	(C)	Love	56.	Which of the following theories are related		
	(D)	Power		to William James?		
54.		according to Hussort		1.	Stream of consciousness	
J 4 .	is an ir	, according to Husserl, ntrinsic trait of the subjective process		2.	Voluntarism	
	of con	sciousness whereby they refer to		3.	Pluralism	
	object	S.		4.	Pragmatism	
	(A)	Subjectivity		Codes	:	
	(B)	Feeling		(A)	1 and 2	
	(D)	reeilig		(B)	1, 2 and 3	
	(C)	Intentionality		(C)	2, 3 and 4	
	(D)	Cognition		(D)	1, 2, 3 and 4	



- 57. Russell's atomic facts are related to:
 - (A) Atoms of physics
 - (B) Sense-data
 - (C) Basic facts
 - (D) Atomic proposition
- 58. Given below an Assertion (A) and one Reason (R). Consider them and select the correct code given below:
 - (A) According to Wittgenstein, "A proposition is a picture of reality."
 - (R) Language represents the facts of experience.

Code:

- (A) (A) and (R) both are true and (R) is the correct ground for (A).
- (B) (A) and (R) both are true and (R) is not the correct ground for (A).
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- 59. Which among the following is the distinctive feature of ethical judgements, according to Stevenson?
 - (A) Statement of Command
 - (B) Approval of the Consequence of an act
 - (C) Statement of Fact
 - (D) Disagreement in Attitude

- 60. Given below an Assertion (A) and one Reason (R). Consider them and select the correct code given below:
 - (A) Logical positivists have restricted philosophy to a narrow and technical function of evaluating the scientific assertion.
 - (R) According to logical positivists, philosophy is to science what grammar is to language.

Code:

- (A) (A) and (R) both are true and (R) is the correct ground for (A)
- (B) (A) and (R) both are true and (R) is not the correct ground for (A)
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- 61. What does Universal Declaration of Human Rights include?
 - (A) Civil and Death Rights
 - (B) Economic Rights
 - (C) Civil, Political and Economic Rights
 - (D) Commercial Rights

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- 62. Logical positivism rejects the metaphysics on the following grounds :
 - (A) Metaphysical questions are beyond the limit of the categories of human understanding.
 - (B) Metaphysical questions are doubtful.
 - (C) Metaphysical questions are nonsensical as they are non-verifiable
 - (D) Metaphysical questions are beyond space and time
- 63. Given below an Assertion (A) and one Reason (R). Consider them in the light of the Aristotle's theory of categories and select the correct code given below:
 - (A) Substance is pre-eminent among categories.
 - (R) Substance is that which is predicable of a subject and present in a subject.

Codes:

- (A) (A) and (R) both are true and (R) is the correct ground for (A).
- (B) (A) and (R) both are true and (R) is not the correct ground for (A).
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true.

- 64. "To be is to be the value of a variable" is the standpoint advocated by_____.
 - (A) Quine
 - (B) Frege
 - (C) Russell
 - (D) Strawson
- 65. Who propounds organic relation between man and society?
 - (A) Hegel
 - (B) Aristotle
 - (C) Mill
 - (D) Bentham
- 66. Which among the following has advocated seven pillars of state craft?
 - (A) Kautilya
 - (B) King Yudhisthir
 - (C) Narada
 - (D) Sri Krishna



67.	Mahabharata recognises quasi-divinity of the king, yet it makes the Dharma or the moral law ——— to the king.		70.	According to whom Hermeneutics is Ontology?		
	(A)	inferior		(A)	Heidegger	
	(B)	superior		(B)	Schleiermacher	
	(C)	equal		(C)	Ranke	
	(D)	independent		(D)	Dilthey	
68.		deals with guidance of the kings art of administration.	71.	Accor	ding to Kant, knowledge consists of :	
	(A)	Rajdharma		(A)	Synthetic apriori judgements	
	(B)	Arthashastra		(B)	Synthetic a posteriori judgements	
	(C)	Tarkashastra		(C)	Analytic judgements	
	(D)	Rajniti		(D)	None of the above	
69.		andaka's Nitisara or Nitisatra is	72.	Prakri	ti in Samkhya philosophy is :	
	(A)	Arthashastra		(A)	unconscious and dependent	
	(B)	Dharmashastra		(B)	conscious and passive	
	(C)	Upanisad		(C)	unconscious and active	
	(D)	Veda		(D)	conscious and independent	



73.	nature	ling to Hobbes, life in the state of was	76.		portant difference between Robert k's ideas and those of Rawls is
	(A)	Better than life in his own time.		(A)	Nozick admires capitalism whereas
	(B)	Free and noble			Rawls rejects it.
	(C)	Poor, solitary, nasty, brutish and short		(B)	Rawls is more concerned with individual liberty.
	(D)	Difficult but honest		(C)	Nozick believes that people who
74.	What o	does procedural justice entail?			acquire property through their own labour should be allowed to keep
	(A)	A fair distribution of income and wealth.			it, while Rawls tries to justify degree of redistribution of it.
	(B)	An assurance that punishment should fit the crime.		(D)	Nozick is willing to justify state intervention.
	(C)	That decision should be made in accordance with an established set	77.		ding to Amartya Sen, famine is not just by a shortage of food but by
		of rules.		(A)	Unemployment
	(D)	That every offence should be penalised		(B)	A drop of income
75.	la lahi	•		(C)	Death and disease
75.		n Rawls's theory, principles of justice tablished by people who are affected		(D)	Both (A) and (B)
	by wha	nt?	78.	"Comn	nunist Manifesto" was written by :
	(A)	A veil of ignorance		(A)	Stalin and Karl Marx
	(B)	A state of nature		(B)	Karl Marx and Engels
	(C)	Economic inequality		(C)	Lenin and Karl Marx
	(D)	Utility		(D)	Hegel

- 79. Who among the following authored the book, *Gender Trouble*?
 - (A) Simone de Beauvoir
 - (B) Luce Irigary
 - (C) Judith Butler
 - (D) Allen Showalter
- 80. Who is the author of the book, "Multiculturalism and the Politics of Recognition"?
 - (A) Charles Taylor
 - (B) MacIntyre
 - (C) Michael Sandel
 - (D) Will Kymlicka
- 81. When two propositions about the same subject-matter cannot both be true together, they are :
 - (A) Contradictories
 - (B) Contraries
 - (C) Either contraries or contradictories
 - (D) Both contraries and contradictories
- 82. In the square of opposition, if 'O' is false, find out the true option as given below:
 - (A) I and E are true and A is false.
 - (B) I and A are true and E is false.
 - (C) A and I are false and E is true.
 - (D) O is true but E and I are false.

- 83. To obvert a proposition in an immediate inference :
 - (A) Only quality of the proposition is to be changed
 - (B) Only quantity of the proposition is to be changed
 - (C) Quality is to be changed and the predicate term is to be replaced with its complement.
 - (D) Quantity is to be changed and the predicate term is to be replaced with its complement.
- 84. Find the equivalence by matching List-I with List-II and select the correct answer by using codes below:

<u>List – I</u>

(a)
$$[(p \cdot q) \supset r] \equiv 1. [(p \supset q) \cdot (q \supset p)]$$

(b)
$$[p \lor (q.r)] \equiv 2. \sim p \lor q$$

(c)
$$[p \equiv q] \equiv 3. [p \supset (q \supset r)]$$

(d)
$$[p \supset q] \equiv 4. [(p \lor q) \cdot (p \lor r)]$$

Codes:

a b c d

- (A) 3 4 1 2
- (B) 4 3 2 1
- (C) 2 1 3 4
- (D) 1 2 3 4



85. Set down the relation between universal and existential quantification by matching the List-I with List-II and select the appropriate code for your answer:

<u>List – I</u>

List - II

- (a) $[(x)\phi x] \equiv$
- 1. $[\sim (x)\varphi x]$
- (b) $[(\exists x)\phi x] \equiv 2. [\sim (\exists x)\phi x]$
- (c) $[(x) \sim \varphi x] \equiv 3. [\sim (x) \sim \varphi x]$
- (d) $[(\exists x) \sim \varphi x] \equiv 4. [\sim (\exists x) \sim \varphi x]$

Codes:

- d b С а
- (A) 3 4
- 1 2
- 2 (B)
- 1

3

4

1

4

4 (C)

1

2

3

- (D)
- 2
- 3
- 86. Which one of the following is equivalent to $\sim p \supset \sim \sim q$?
 - (A) $q \supset \sim p$
 - (B) $q \lor p$
 - (C) $p \supset q$
 - (D) \sim p \supset \sim q

87. Mark the correct symbolization for given statement:

> Statement: If anything is damaged (Dx), someone (Py) will be blamed (By). Symbolization:

- (A) $(\exists x) Dx \supset (\exists y) (Py.By)$
- (B) $(\exists x) Dx \supset (Py.By)$
- $(\exists x) Dx \supset -(\exists y) (Py.By)$ (C)
- (D) None of these

88. Given below an Assertion (A) and one Reason (R). Consider these and select the correct code given below:

- (A) The conclusion of a syllogism cannot be more general than the premises.
- (R) The conclusion of a syllogism is true, provided the premises are true.

Codes:

- (A) (A) and (R) both are true and (R) is the correct ground for (A)
- (B) (A) and (R) both are true and (R) is not the correct ground for (A)
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true



- 89. 'p.q', 'p \vee q', 'p \supset q' and ' p \equiv q' are all true only when :
 - (A) p is true and q is false.
 - (B) p is false and q is true.
 - (C) p and q are both false.
 - (D) p and q are both true.
- 90. On the ground of 'relation' propositions are divided into:
 - (A) Categorical and conditional
 - (B) Affirmative and negative
 - (C) Universal and particular
 - (D) Necessary and problematic
- 91. Mark the correct symbolization (as given below) for given statement :

Statement: Bees and wasps sting if they are either angry or frightened (Bx, Wx, Sx, Ax, Fx).

Symbolization:

$$(A) (\exists x) \{ (Bx \cdot Wx) \supset [(Ax \vee Fx) \supset Sx] \}$$

(B)
$$(x)\{(Bx \lor Wx) \supset [(Ax \lor Fx) \supset Sx]\}$$

(C)
$$(x)(Bx \lor Wx) \supset Ax \lor Fx \supset Sx$$

(D)
$$(x)(Bx \lor Wx) \supset (Ax \lor Fx) \supset Sx$$

In ethics of technology, the notion that technology is only an instrument, that good or bad use of which depends on its users and technology is not good or bad in itself, is known as:

(A) User's dilemma

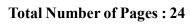
92.

- (B) Dichotomy of the doer and deed
- (C) Neutrality thesis
- (D) Ethics of instrumentality
- 93. According to Aldo-Leopold, the source of the land ethics is _____.
 - (A) Biology
 - (B) Ecology
 - (C) Environment
 - (D) Geography
- 94. Which of the following statements is true about animal liberation according to Peter Singer?
 - (A) Animals differ from us intellectually.
 - (B) Animals differ from us morally.
 - (C) Animals are living like human beings.
 - (D) Animals share with us an interest in avoiding pain.

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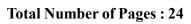


95.	Which of the following issues comes under the purview of Business Ethics?		98.	Who says, "The social responsibility of business is to increase its profit."?		
	1.	Corporate moral agency		(A)	Bill Gates	
	2.	Corporate social responsibility		(B)	Elon Musk	
	3.	Whistle blowing		(C)	Milton Friedman	
	4.	Inside trading				
	Select the correct option :			(D)	Donald Trump	
	(A)	1, 2 and 3	99.	According to Nyaya the objects of visual		
	(B)	2, 3 and 4			sense organ are also objects of factual sense – organ except :	
	(C)	1, 2 and 4				
	(D)	1, 2, 3 and 4		(A)	Rupa only	
96.	Medical ethics stresses two fundamental			(B)	Rupatva only	
	principles as governing the physician-			(C)	Both rupa and rupatva	
	patie as	nt relationship such 		(D)	Both rupa and sparsa	
	(A)	The principle of justice and equality.	100.	In a	restricted sense 'Epoche'	
	(B)	The principle of legality and		means		
		governance.		(A)	To believe in the existence of the objects.	
	(C)	The principle of beneficence and				
		non-maleficence.		(B)	To disbelieve in the existence of the objects.	
	(D)	The principle of loss and profit.				
97.	Who has coined the term "deep ecology"?			(C)	To obtain a categorical judgement	
	(A)	Aldo-Leopold			regarding the existence of the objects.	
	(B)	Arne Naess				
	(C)	Peter Singer		(D)	Suspension of judgements regarding the existence of objects.	
	(D)	Rachel Carson				





ROUGH WORK





ROUGH WORK