UNIVERSITY OF JAMMU JKSET/LASET (2023)

Syllabus

Code No: - 06

Subject: Arab Culture and Islamic Studies

<u>Unit – I : (Emergence of Islam) and khilafat-e-rashidah</u>

- 1. Socio-Religious conditions of pre-Islamic Arabia
- 2. Political and Economic condition
- 3. Prophet's life at Makkah and Madina
- 4. Migration: Importance and implications
- 5. Formation of Islamic State and Society at Madina
- 6. The Prophet (PBUH) as a Law giver, Statesman and Mercy to mankind
- 7. Institution of Khilafat: Importance and relevance
- 8. Consolidation of Arabia under caliph Abu Bakr
- 9. Expansion and administration of Islamic State under Caliph Umar
- 10. Expansion and Political Developments under Caliph Uthman and Caliph Ali
- 11. Achievements of Khilafat-e-Rashidah

Unit –II: The Umayvads

- 1. The establishment of Umayyad dynasty
- 2. Prominent rulers
- 3. Prominent Sahabi and Tabaie scholars
- 4. Arabisation of the State
- 5. Social and Economic conditions
- 6. Administration
- 7. Education
- 8. Development of Arabic Language and Literature
- 9. Art and Architecture
- 10. Causes of Decline

Unit – III: The Abbasids

- 1. The establishment of the Abbasid rule
- 2. Prominent rulers
- 3. Prominent Scholars
- 4. Administration
- 5. Socio-Cultural Developments
- 6. Development of Religious sciences
- 7. Education and Educational Institutions
- 8. Development of Arabic Language and Literature
- 9. Art and Architecture
- 10. Trade and Commerce
- 11. Relations with neighbouring States
- 12. Causes of decline

Unit -IV: The Arabs in Spain and Sicily

1. The establishment of Umayyad rule in Spain

- 2. The conquest of Sicily
- 3. Prominent rulers
- 4. Prominent Scholars and their impact on the west
- 5. Socio-Cultural developments
- 6. Contribution to Science and Literature
- 7. Development of Libraries and Educational Institutions
- 8. Agriculture, Trade and Commerce
- 9. Art and Architecture
- 10. Disintegration of the Empire: Emergence of Small City-State
- 11. Muwahhidin and Murabitin: Emergence and decline
- 12. Fall of Granada and Spanish Inquisition

Unit -V: Dynasties of East and West

- 1. Ghaznavids
- 2. Saljuqs
- 3. Samanids
- 4. Fatimids
- 5. Khwarizmshahs
- 6. Mamluks
- 7. Aghlabids
- 8. Hamadanids
- 9. Idrisids
- 10. Tulunids
- 11. Ikhshidids
- 12. Ayyubids
- 13. Qachars

Unit VI: The Ottoman and Safavid Empire

- 1. Origin and Development of Ottoman Empire
- 2. Prominent Ottoman Rulers
- 3. The Ottoman administration and army
- 4. Socio-Religious and Educational conditions
- 5. The Ottoman Society
- 6. The Ottomans and the west
- 7. Art and Architecture
- 8. The Ottoman decline: causes
- 9. Origin and Development of Safavid Empire
- 10. Shah Ismail and the promotion of Shi'is
- 11. Shah-Abbas and the administrative reforms
- 12. Art and Architecture
- 13. Trade and Commerce

Unit VII: Islam in India

- 1. Advent of Islam in India (Kerala)
- 2. Islam in Sindh: Muhammad bin Qasim's Administration and Religious Policy
- 3. Establishment of Delhi Sultanate
- 4. Administration during the sultanate period
- 5. Socio-Religious and Educational conditions
- 6. Madaris and their syllabii
- 7. Contribution to Figh and Hadith Literature
- 8. The Mughal rule and administration
- 9. Socio-Religious and Educational scenario during the Mughal Rule

- 10. Contribution to Fiqh and Hadith Literature (Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi, Shah Waliullah, Sheikh Abdul Haq Muhaddith Dehlvi and others)
- 11. Mughal art and architecture
- 12. Industry, Trade and Commerce
- 13. 1757: British Colonialism and its expansion
- 14. 1857: First war of independence and its consequences
- 15. Role of Muslims in the freedom struggle: Khilafat and non-cooperation movements

<u>Unit – VIII : Islamic Sciences – Tafsir, Hadith and Figh</u>

- 1. Collection and compilation of Quran
- 2. Ethical, Social, Political and Economic teachings of the Quran
- 3. Origin and development of Tafsir Literature
- 4. Classical Tafsir: Al-Tabari, Al-Razi and Zamakhshar
- 5. Tafsir in the modern age: Tafsir al-Manar, Fi-zilal al-Quran, Bayan al-Quran, Tarjuman al-Quran, Tafhim al-Quran, Tadabbur al-Quran and Tafsir al-Quran
- 6. Origin and development of Hadith Literature
- 7. Compilation of Hadith Literature
- 8. Riwayah and Dirayah
- 9. Muwatta, Musnad, Sihahe-Sitta and their compilers (authors)
- 10. Origin and development of Figh Literature
- 11. Sources of Islamic Figh

Unit - IX: Muslim Philosophy, Sufism and Muslim Contribution to Knowledge

- 1. Origin and development of Muslim philosophy
- 2. Classical Muslim Philosophers: Al-Kindi, Farabi, Ibn-Sina, Al-Ghazzali, Ibne Rushd.
- 3. Qadariyya, Murjiyya, Khawarij, Mutazalites and Asharites
- 4. Origin and development of Sufism
- 5. Prominent Sufis: Hassan al- Basri, Junaid Baghdadi, Ibne-Arabi and Sheikh Ali Hujwiri
- 6. Major Sufi orders: Chishtiyya, Suhrawardiyya, Qadiriyya, Naqshabandiyya
- 7. Muslim contribution to Natural and Social Sciences: Medicine, Mathematics, Astronomy, Historiography, Geography, chemistry and Botany
- 8. Prominent classical thinkers and scientists Al-Mawardi, Al-Biruni, Ibn-Tayimiyya, Ibn-Khaldun, Ibn al-Baytar, Ibn al-Haytham etc.

Unit - X: Modern Trends, Movements in Islam

- 1. Advent of Western Modernity and Technology in Egypt and India
- 2. Muhammad Ali Pasha and his reforms
- 3. Tanzimat
- 4. Sir Syed and his educational movement
- 5. Modern religious movements: The Wahabiyya, the Sokoto and Faraizi movement
- 6. Shah Waliullah and his movement
- 7. Sved Ahmad Shaheed and his movement
- 8. Ikhwan al-Muslimun and Jamaate-Islami
- 9. Young Turk Movement, Nursi Movement
- 10. Arab Nationalism: Abdul Rehman al-Kawakibi
- 11. Western Modernity in Turkey and Iran: Mustafa Kemal and Reza Shah
- 12. Muslim Modernist thinkers: Ali-Abdul Raziq, Qasim Amin, Fazlur Rahman
- 13. Contemporary Muslim Organisations and Schools of Thought: Deoband, Nadwa, the Salfis and Barelvis

- 14. Modern Islamic Thinkers: Jamalud-din-Afghani, Muhammad Abduh, Rashid Rida, Hasan al-Banna, Syed Qutb, Shibli Nomani, Allama Iqbal, Abul-A'la Maududi, Ayatullah Khomeini, Ali Shariati and Ahmed Kasravi Tabrezi.
- 15. The Iranian Revolution
- 16. The Palestine Problem Liberation Organisation: PLO, Hamas, and Hezbollah
- 17. The Arab Spring
- 18. Egypt: Democracy on Trial
- 19. Conflicts in West Asia: Iraq, Libya, Syria and Yeman
- 20. Indo-Arab Relations